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26263 7590 08/10/2007 SONNENSCHEIN NATH & ROSENTHAL LLP P.O. BOX 061080 WACKER DRIVE STATION, SEARS TOWER			EXAMINER	
			VENT, JAMIE J	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/840,939	ABE ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Jamie Vent	2621	
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	i i	
A SHC WHICI - Extens after S - If NO I - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DASIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, uply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time 17 iii apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. hely filed the mailing date of this communication.	
Status				
2a)⊠ : 3)⊟ :	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>23 Ma</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowan	action is non-final. see except for formal matters, pro		
Dispositio	on of Claims			
5)	Claim(s) 1,3-22,25-30 and 32-51 is/are pending is/are distribution is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,3-22,25-30,32-51 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application	on Papers	•		
10)□ T / 	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(·	
2) Notice 3) Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	nte	

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,18,19,22,25,26,27,28,29,30,32,33,34, 35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,47,48, 51, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, and 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by Nafeh (US 5,343,251) in view of Nagao et al (US 5,587,927) in further view of Ellis et al (US 5,504,518).

[claims 1 & 30]

In regard to Claims 1 and 30, Nafeh discloses a signal-processing apparatus and method comprising:

Candidate-detecting means for receiving an input signal (Figure 1a line 12)
 including at least the first signal part and remaining signal parts in time-divided
 fashion for detecting, from the input signal (Column 2 Lines 55-62 and Column 5
 lines 41-42), a candidate part of the first signal part in accordance with
 characteristic patterns of the input signal at prescribed time intervals (Column 2

Lines 64-68 describes the classification of the signals coming into the system at predetermined timing);

- Characteristic-extracting means for extracting characteristic data indicating the
 probability; (Column 6 Lines 6-12 describe the extracting of the data as well as
 the calculation of the probability of the output given the class of the input); and
- Detecting means for detecting the first signal part in accordance with the characteristic data extracted by the characteristic-extracting means (Column 6 Lines 25+ describes a detected program to be 1 while the candidate part/commercial is -1);
- Wherein the candidate detecting means detects from the input signal, the candidate part prior to candidate extracting means extracting characteristic data from the candidate part (Column 2 Lines 55-62 states that the components are detected and pre-processed in a pre-processor to extract their essential data. This operation is done prior to the candidate extracting means and thereby meets the limitation); however, fails to discloses the candidate part being a portion of the input signal and a characteristic extracting means for extracting characteristic data indicating the probability of the first signal part from the candidate part detected by the candidate-detecting means or from signal parts preceding and following the candidate part.

Nagao et al discloses an image processing system wherein detection of an image is detected through various calculations. It is described in Column 3 Lines 63-67 through Column 4 Lines 1-55 that the characteristic data is extracted from the signal and thereby determined if the signal is preceding or following the other signals being processed as further seen in Figure 6. The use of characteristic extracting the information to determine the order of the signal allows for proper

order and processing of the signal. Ellis et al discloses a system wherein the parts of the video signal are inputted into the system. The signal provides parts keys/candidate parts that provide the ability to recognize and detect parts of the frame as described in Column 1 Lines 50+ through Column 2 Lines 1-16. The ability to detect and update the signals being processed provides the ability for proper recognition of segments as further described in Column 5 Lines 57+. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the signal processing system, as disclosed by Nafeh, and further incorporate a system that uses the characteristic extracting means to indicate the probability of the various parts of the signals from other preceding or proceeding signals, and further teach the system that identification part of the signal is inputted into the system, as disclosed by Ellis et al.

[claims 3 &32]

In regard to Claims 3 and 32, Nafeh discloses a signal processing apparatus and method wherein the detecting means includes determining means for determining, from the characteristic data, that the candidate part of the first signal part is identical to the first part which has been designated (Column 2 Lines 65+ describe that once it is determined that the candidate part of the signal is classified a control signal is sent out for further determination of other signals if it identical as well as using the features indicated in Column 3 Lines 28-30).

[claims 4 & 33]

In regard to Claims 4 and 33, Nafeh discloses a signal processing apparatus and method comprising amplitude-detecting means for detecting an amplitude of the input signal wherein the candidate-detecting means detects a pattern that the amplitude of the input signal is smaller than a predetermined value at a predetermined time interval as one of the characteristic patterns (Column 3 Lines 34-36 "Changes in power or amplitude over the frequency spectrum between program and commercial segments" and further described in Column 3 60+).

[claims 5 & 34]

In regard to Claims 5 and 34, Nafeh discloses an apparatus and method comprising a changedetecting means for detecting a change of the input signal wherein the candidate-detecting means detects a pattern that the change of the input signal is greater than a predetermined value at a predetermined time intervals as one of the characteristic patterns (Column 3 Lines 40-42 describe detecting the change in pattern of the transmission at a value within the predetermined time intervals and further described in Column 5 Lines 30-37).

[claims 6 & 35]

In regard to Claims 6 and 35, Nafeh discloses an apparatus and method comprising uniformcomponent detecting means for detecting a unit period in which a prescribed component of the input signals fall within a prescribed range and detects a pattern that is prescribed component of the input signal for the unit period at a predetermined time intervals is uniform as one of the characteristic patterns (Column 1 Lines 44-55 describe the patterns used for detection as well as the predetermined conditions/time that is used for the characteristic patterns).

[claims 7 & 36]

In regard to Claims 7 and 36, Nafeh discloses a method and apparatus wherein the characteristic-extracting means includes an amplitude-detecting means for detecting an amplitude of the input signal, and extracts the amplitude of the signal parts preceding and / or following the candidate as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part (Column 3 Lines 20+ describes the extraction of amplitude from the input signal to indicated if a commercial can be detected within the first signal part.)

[claims 8, 10, 11, 12, 22 37, 39, 40, 41 & 51]

In regard to Claims 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 37, 38, 39, 40, and 41, Nafeh discloses a method and apparatus wherein the characteristic-extracting means includes an amplitude-detecting means

for detecting an amplitude of the input signal and extracts the length of signal parts, correlation, mean, and frequency that the amplitudes of the signal parts preceding and/or following the candidate part are smaller than a predetermined threshold as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part (Column 3 Lines 60+ through Column 4 Lines 1-30 describes the detection of the amplitude and extraction of length and mean of the amplitude in the input signal and determination if the candidate part/commercial is within a predetermined condition which is accomplished through comparisons of the minimum, maximum, mean and the median of the amplitude.)

[claims 13 & 42]

In regard to Claims 13 and 42, Nafeh discloses a mode-detecting means for detecting a mode of the input signal that can have a plurality of modes, and extracts the mode of the candidate part as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part (Column 5 lines 30+ describe detection of modes/features and the extraction of the candidate part/commercial from the characteristic data/input signal).

[claims 14 & 43]

In regard to Claims 14 and 43, Nafeh discloses a means for extracting existence of the first signal part in signal that precedes or follows the candidate part as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part (Figure 1A extracts the existence of the commercial while Column 5 Lines 30+ describe the classification process).

[claims 15 & 44]

In regard to Claims 15 and 44, Nafeh discloses a spectrum-detecting means for detecting a spectrum of the input signal, and extracts a change of the spectrum before or after the candidate part as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part (Column 3 lines 20+ describes all the possibilities for detecting the spectrum of the input signal).

[claims 18 & 47]

In regard to Claims 18 and 47, Nafeh discloses a means for identifying a source of the input

signal and extracts a type of the source of the candidate part as characteristic data indicating

probability of the first signal part (Figure 1A shows the possible input sources while the pre-

processor/feature extraction 22 extracts the type of the source of the input data while

determining the probability of the signal).

[claims 19 & 48]

In regard to Claims 19 and 48, Nafeh discloses an apparatus and method that comprises a

timer for measuring time and the characteristic-extracting means extracts the time at which the

candidate part is input as characteristic part is input as characteristic data indicating probability

of the first signal part (Column 1 Lines 25+ describe the use of timers to time the candidate part

so thereby it wont be recorded onto a video recorder).

[claims 25, 26, 27, 28, 29]

In regard to Claims 25, 26, 27, 28, and 29, Nafeh discloses a signal processing apparatus

comprising:

Recording and / or reproducing the input signal (Figure 1F record mode)

Editing the input signal (Figure 1F shows the editing process that can occur);

Skipping the first signal part (Figure 1F shows the skipping mode);

Extracting only the first signal part (Figure 1 element 22 extracts the first part of

the signal); and

Signal consists of an audio signal and/or a video signal (Figure 1 element 12)

and the first signal part is commercial-message part (Figure 1A element 24

classifies if the first signal part is a commercial-message part).

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[claims 55 & 58]

In regard to Claims 55 and 58, Nafeh discloses a signal-processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the detecting means includes characteristic-evaluating means for evaluating the possibility that the candidate part is the first signal part on the basis of the characteristic data, and determining means for determining the first signal part from the result of evaluation performed by the characteristic-evaluating means (Column 2 Lines 63+ through Column 3 Lines 20-25 describes the characteristic data and the result of data from its evaluation).

[claim 56 & 59]

In regard to Claims 56 and 59, Nafeh discloses a signal-processing apparatus according to claim 55, wherein the characteristic-evaluating means evaluates the possibility that the candidate part is the first signal part, on the basis of characteristic data derived from multiplying weighting values to the characteristic data and adding the weighted characteristic data (Column 6 Lines 5-40 describes the characteristic evaluating means to determine the first signal part based on multiplying weighted values.)

[claims 57 & 60]

In regard to Claims 57 and 60, Nafeh discloses a signal-processing apparatus according to claim 55, wherein the characteristic-evaluating means uses a multi-layer perception to determine the possibility that the candidate part of the first signal part (Figure 1d shows the multi-layer network wherein characteristic-evaluation is determined and described in Column 5 Lines 64-67).

3. Claims 16, 20, 21, 45, 49, and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nafeh (US 5,343,251) in view of Ellis (US 5,504,518) in view of Nageo et al (US 5,587,927) in further view of Shah-Nazaroff et al (US 6,671,880).

[claims 16 & 45]

In regard to Claims 16 and 45, Nafeh in view of Nageo et al discloses a means that extracts information but lacks the extraction of channel information of the input signal selected a channel from a plurality of channels as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part. Shah-Nazaroff teaches a system that identifies commercials as well as extract channel information and the likelihood/probability that that the characteristics are within that signal as seen in Figure 4. By extracting channel information it allows the system to determine

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Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to modify the apparatus/method for classifying patterns of television programs and commercials, as disclosed by Nafeh in view of Nageo, and incorporate a system that extracts channel information, as disclosed by Shah-Nazaroff et al, which allows for a better computation of the probability of commercials to be detected through certain channels and how to respond to the commercials.

[claims 20, 21, 49, & 50]

In regard to Claims 20, 21, 49, & 50, Nafeh in view of Nageo et al discloses a means that extracts information from an input signal but lacks a genre-identifying means for identifying a genre of the input signal, and extracts the genres of the signal parts preceding and following the candidate part as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part. Shah-Nazaroff et al discloses extraction of characteristic, such as genres, in order to determine user characteristics which in turn allows for the probability a certain commercial within that type of program (Column 4 Lines 12+).

Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the extracting information from the input signal, as disclosed by Nafeh in view of Nageo et al, and incorporate a further extraction means as determining specific genres of the

programs and commercials, as disclosed by Shah-Nazaroff et al, in order for classification and identifying specific genres associated with the candidate and characteristic data parts of the signal.

4. Claims 17 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nafeh (US 5,343,251) in view of Nageo et al (US 5,587,927) in view of Ellis (US 5,504,518) in further view of Shah-Nazaroff et al (US 6,671,880) in further view of Kawara et al (US 6,278,836).

[claims 17 & 46]

In regard to Claims 17 and 46, Nafeh in view of Nageo discloses a means that extracts information from an input signal but lacks the extraction of an area code of the input signal that can have any one of different area codes as characteristic data indicating probability of the first signal part. Kawara et al discloses a reproducing system that programs information according to area codes that specify a certain area thereby indicating the characteristic data for that particular area as seen in Figure 4. This allows for special programming to occur in various countries due to the recognition of these countries by the area codes.

Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the extraction of information, as disclosed by Nafeh in view of Nageo, and incorporate a system that takes an input signal that has various area codes that will identify the input signal according to the said area codes, as disclosed by Kawara et al, by incorporating this feature would allow for further identification, classification, and evaluation of the input signal.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Contact Fax Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jamie Vent whose telephone number is 571-272-7384. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Miller can be reached on 571-272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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